AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims:

- 1. (Currently Amended) A liquid crystal display device, comprising:
- a liquid crystal display panel having a plurality of data lines and a plurality of scanning lines crossing each other and liquid crystal pixel cells arranged in a matrix;
 - a data driver circuit for supplying data to the data lines;
 - a scanning driver circuit for supplying scanning signals to the scanning lines; and control means for controlling the data driver circuit and the scanning driver circuit,
- wherein said control means controls the scanning driver circuit such that the liquid crystal display panel is scanned in a reverse-sequential manner upon testing of the liquid crystal display panel to display an image at an increased brightness.
- 2. (Original) The liquid crystal display device according to claim 1, further comprising a switching device arranged at each intersection between the data lines and the scanning lines to drive the liquid crystal pixel cell in response to the scanning signal.
- 3. (Original) The liquid crystal display device according to claim 2, wherein said switching device consists of a thin film transistor including a gate electrode connected to a corresponding one of the scanning lines to receive the scanning signal; a source electrode connected to a corresponding one of the data lines to receive said data; and a drain electrode opposed to the source electrode with a desired channel therebetween and connected to a pixel electrode for driving the liquid crystal pixel cell.

4. (Original) The liquid crystal display device according to claim 1, wherein said control means generates a gate start pulse for indicating a start position of the scanning signal, a mode setting signal for assigning an application direction of the scanning signal to any one of a forward direction and a reverse direction, and an output enable signal for controlling an output of the scanning driver circuit.

- 5. (Original) The liquid crystal display device according to claim 1, wherein said control means applies a dot clock for indicating an application time of said data to the data driver circuit.
- 6. (Currently Amended) The liquid crystal display device according to claim 1, wherein said scanning driver circuit consists of a bilateral shift resistor register in which its shift direction is controlled in response to a mode setting signal.
- 7. (Original) The liquid crystal display device according to claim 1, wherein said control means controls the scanning driver circuit such that the liquid crystal display panel is scanned in a forward-sequential manner upon normal operation of the liquid crystal display panel.
- 8. (Currently Amended) A method of testing a liquid crystal display panel including a plurality of scanning lines, comprising:

setting the scanning lines to a reverse scanning mode;

scanning the scanning lines in a sequence proceeding from low-order lines to highorder lines to display a test picture <u>at an increased brightness</u>; and

detecting a defect from the test picture displayed on the liquid crystal display panel.

9. (Original) The method according to claim 8, wherein scanning the scanning lines includes driving a drive circuit for driving said low-order lines and thereafter driving a drive circuit for driving said high-order lines.

10. (Original) The method according to claim 8, wherein said reverse mode is set by a mode setting signal that is applied to a scanning driver circuit generating a scanning signal, to thereby indicate an application direction of the scanning signal.

- 11. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 8, wherein scanning the scanning lines in a sequence proceeding from low-order lines to high-order lines comprises shifting a shift register in a reverse direction
- 12. (Currently Amended) A liquid crystal display device, comprising:

a liquid crystal display panel having a plurality of data lines and a plurality of gate lines crossing each other and liquid crystal pixel cells arranged where the gate lines cross the data lines;

a data driver circuit for supplying data to the data lines;

a gate driver circuit for sequentially supplying a gate signal to the gate lines in a forward sequential order upon normal operation, and sequentially supplying the gate signal to the gate lines in a reverse sequential order upon testing the device to increase the brightness of the display upon testing compared to the brightness under normal operation.

- 13. (Original) The liquid crystal display device of claim 12, wherein the gate driver circuit comprises a shift register having a control terminal for controlling a sequential order of supplying the gate signal to the gate lines.
- 14. (Original) The liquid crystal display device of claim 12, further comprising a controller supplying a mode setting signal to the control terminal.
- 15. (Currently Amended) A method of testing a liquid crystal display panel, having a plurality of data lines and a plurality of gate lines crossing each other and a plurality of liquid crystal pixel cells arranged where the gate lines cross the data lines, the method comprising:

applying data voltages to the data lines;

applying a mode setting signal to a gate driver connected with the gate lines; sequentially scanning the gate lines in a direction identified by the mode setting signal to display a test pattern on the display panel at an increased brightness; and identifying any defective pixel cells among the plurality of liquid crystal pixel cells from the test pattern.